UNIT I
BRITISH CONQUEST OF INDIA: THE FIRST CENTURY OF COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY INDIAN RESPONSES (1757-1857)
1. The British conquest of Bengal; emergence of the Colonial state and its expansion and consolidation.
2. Structure and apparatus of colonial rule.
3. Colonial economy and its impact on India.
4. Peasant and tribal uprisings; the Revolt of 1857 and its aftermath.

UNIT II
COLONIAL STATE, COLONIAL ECONOMY AND EARLY NATIONALISM (1858-1914)
6. Restructuring of Colonial state after the Revolt of 1857; changes in colonial ideologies
7. Colonial state and economy.
8. Growth of Indian Nationalism; Foundation of Indian National Congress and its programme; phases of Indian National Movements: the foundation of Muslim League.
9. Nationalism and Socio religious reforms of the late nineteenth and early twentieth century

UNIT III
MAHATMA GANDHI THE NATIONAL MOVEMENT, INDEPENDENCE AND PARTITION
11. Mahatma Gandhi’s early career, his techniques and appeal.
13. The role of revolutionary nationalism, Congress Socialist Party (CSP), and the Communist Party of India (CPI) in National Movement; tribal, peasant and working class movements.

Reading List:
2. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India 1885-1947, Macmillan, New Delhi, 1983. Also in Hindi