

PROGRAMME PROJECT REPORT (PPR)

ABOUT THE PROGRAMME

Master's degree in Sociology being offered at Centre for Distance and Open Learning, Jamia Millia Islamia aspires to provide advanced sociological knowledge, varied perspectives and analytical skills to a wide cross section of learners. The programme covers scope and development of sociology, various areas of sociological debate and researches in the field besides issues of contemporary importance like education, migration, urbanization etc.

After successful completion of the course one may look forward to be a teacher/educator by doing Ph.D in sociology. In corporate field one can be Market Researcher, Human Resource Manager, Environmental Analyst, Pollster etc. There are jobs available in almost every field from advertising to banking and especially in NGO's.

Objectives of the Programme:

Upon successful completion of M.A. Sociology programme, the student should be able to:

1. comprehend and understand, besides must be having the ability to demonstrate knowledge essential for understanding society from sociological perspectives.
2. To pursue higher study in sociology or to move to an interlinked career in anthropology, law, public health, social work and other related fields where sociological expertise is essential.
3. To apply the analytical and research methods analysis of sociology to social issues and conflicts in preparation for participation as an agent of creative social change.

Duration of the Programme

The programme can be completed in a minimum period of 2 years and up to a maximum period of 5 years (inclusive of the year of admission).

Compulsory Papers

Each M.A. Sociology student will undertake 10 theory papers during two years duration.

1.2 Duration of the Programme

Minimum duration of the Programme: 2 (Two) Year
Maximum duration of the Programme: 5 (Five) Year

1.3 Medium of Instruction: English/Hindi/Urdu.

Medium of Instruction: English/Hindi/Urdu

(The SLMs will be provided in English & Hindi both. Annual Examination Papers and Assignments will be provided in English only however students are free to write their answers in English/Hindi/Urdu).

1.4 Programme Fee

Previous Year	Rs. 10000/-
Final Year	Rs. 10000/-

1.5 Brief Programme Structure

Previous Year

Programme Code	Programme Title	Evaluation Scheme			
		Credits	Theory	Assignment	Total
MAS-01	Classical Sociological Theory	4	70	30	100
MAS-02	Indian Society: Structure, Agency and Change	4	70	30	100
MAS-03	Research Method: Theory and Practice	4	70	30	100
MAS-04	Urban Sociology	4	70	30	100
MAS-05	Ethnicity, Pluralism and Minorities	4	70	30	100
Total		20	350	150	500

Final Year

Programme Code	Programme Title	Evaluation Scheme			
		Credits	Theory	Assignment	Totals
MAS-06	Contemporary Sociological Theory	4	70	30	100
MAS-07	Sociology of Development, Modernity and Globalization	4	70	30	100
MAS-08	Culture, Society & Media	4	70	30	100
MAS-09	Women and Society	4	70	30	100
MAS-10	Population and Society	4	70	30	100
Total		20	350	150	500

PREVIOUS YEAR

MAS-01- Classical Sociological Theory

Block – I Emergence of Sociology: The Contexts

- Unit 1. Industrial Revolution
- Unit 2. French Revolution
- Unit 3. The Enlightenment

Block-II Intellectual Foundation

- Unit 4. Ibn-Khaldun
- Unit 5. Saint Simon
- Unit 6. August Comte
- Unit 7. Herbert Spencer

Block-III Karl Marx

- Unit 8. Historical and Dialectical Materialism
- Unit 9. The Capitalist Mode of Production

- Unit 10. Alienation
- Block-IV Emile Durkheim**
- Unit 11. Rules of Sociological Method
- Unit 12. Division of Labour
- Unit 13. Religion and Society

- Block-V Max Weber**
- Unit 14. Methodology
- Unit 15. Power and Authority: Theory of Bureaucracy
- Unit 16. Religion and Social Change

MAS-02- Indian Society: Structure, Agency and Change

Block – I History and Perspectives on Indian Society

- Unit 1. Bengal Renaissance and Modernity in India
- Unit 2. History and Development of Social Sciences in India
- Unit 3. Perspectives in the Study of Indian Society
- Unit 4. Functionalist
- Unit 5. Indological
- Unit 6. Marxist

Block-II Social Formation: Understanding Difference and inequality, The Diachronic and Synchronic Dimensions

- Unit 7. Social Structure: Tribes, Caste, Religion, Language, Family and Kinship.
- Unit 8. Social Structure: Production Process in Organized and Unorganized Sectors.
- Unit 9. Political Structure: State, Civil Society and Communities.

Block-III Agency and Social Dynamics

- Unit 10. Five Year Plans
- Unit 11. Social Movements
- Unit 12. Constitutional Protective Discrimination – Reservations to SC, ST, OBC and Minorities.

Block-IV Processes of Social Change

- Unit 13. Industrialization
- Unit 14. Modernization
- Unit 15. Sanskritization
- Unit 16. Islamization

Block-V Social Conflicts and Problems in India

- Unit 17. Multi Culturalism
- Unit 18. Pluralism
- Unit 19. Secularism
- Unit 20. Voices of the Margins
- Unit 21. Dalits, Minorities & Tribes.

MAS-03- Research Method: Theory and Practice

- Block – I Observation and the Social Imagination**
Unit 1. Historical Perspective
Unit 2. Questions, Common sense and daily life
Unit 3. Researched knowledge – Subjective and Objective.
Unit 4. Research designs
Unit 5. Field work sources, information and data collection techniques
Unit 6. Representation
- Block-II The Question and the Social Context**
Unit 7. Colonial Context – Self and Other
Unit 8. Natural and Social Sciences
Unit 9. De-colonization
Unit 10. The making of everyday life
- Block-III Frames, Freedom and Constraints**
Unit 11. Positivism
Unit 12. Dialectics
Unit 13. Phenomenology
Unit 14. Structuralism
- Block-IV Comparative Method, Classification and Representation**
Unit 15. Models and Metaphors
Unit 16. Knowledge and Power
Unit 17. Ethnography
Unit 18. Social Facts and Judgment
Unit 19. Field Work – experience and method
- Block-V Biography and Method**
Unit 20. Politics as vocation
Unit 21. Science as vocation
Unit 22. Practice and Praxis

MAS-04- Urban Sociology

- Block – I Concepts**
Unit 1. Definitions and basic concepts
Unit 2. The city from Antiquity to Modern Times
- Block – II Sociological Contributions**
Unit 3. Sociological Contribution to Urban Studies
Unit 4. The German School and the Chicago School
- Block – III Urbanization**
Unit 5. The City, its role, form and structure in its pre-industrial and Modern form.
Unit 6. Comparative analysis of Urbanization
- Block – IV Urbanization and its impacts-I**
Unit 7. Some sociological aspects of modern urban life.

- Unit 8. Family and Kinship network
- Unit 9. Ethnic Groups
- Unit 10. Neighborhood and Voluntary Association
- Unit 11. Urban influences on rural life

Block – V Urbanization and its Impacts-II

- Unit 12. The city and its pathologies, urban poverty, slums, deviance and crime.
- Unit 13. Urban Planning: Problems of urban renewal and resettlement.

Block – VI Urbanization in India

- Unit 14. Cities in Developing Societies with special reference to Urbanization in India.
- Unit 15. Case studies of Bombay, Calcutta and Delhi etc.

MAS-05- Ethnicity, Pluralism and Minorities

Block – I Perspectives on Ethnicity

- Unit 1. Perspectives on Ethnicity and Politics of Cultural differences
- Unit 2. Cultural Heterogeneity and Politics

Block – II Cultural Pluralism: Magnitude of Cultural Diversity in India

- Unit 3. Cultural Minority groups in India
- Unit 4. Constitutional Provisions for Minority Rights.
- Unit 5. Education, Language
- Unit 6. Legal Pluralism V/s Uniform Civil Code
- Unit 7. Secularism in India

Block – III Independence, Partition and its aftermath.

- Unit 8. Historical Background
- Unit 9. Reforms and Hindu-Muslim Unity.
- Unit 10. Communal Antagonism/The parting of the ways.
- Unit 11. Partition
- Unit 12. New Phase of Communalism Post 1980's

Block – IV Culture, Politics and Conflict: A Comparative Perspective

- Unit 13. Sri Lanka
- Unit 14. Bosnia
- Unit 15. Pakistan
- Unit 16. Jammu & Kashmir
- Unit 17. Conflict Resolution & Peace

Block – V Women, Conflict and Peace

- Unit 18. Feminine Perspectives
- Unit 19. Gender Consequences of ethnic Conflict
- Unit 20. Gender and Peace

FINAL YEAR

MAS-06- Contemporary Sociological Theory

- Block – I Structural Functionalism, Conflict Theory and System Theory**
- Unit 1. The idea of social structure, role analysis, functional dimension of social system, critique and reformulation, neo-functionalism
- Unit 2. Critique of Marx and dialectics of conflict: R. Dahrendarf: functional analysis of conflict: L. Coser: Integrative Conflict theory R. Collins.
- Unit 3. General System Theory: Niklas Luhmann.
- Block – II Phenomenology and Symbolic Interactionism**
- Unit 4. Phenomenological Sociology: the inter subjective world of everyday life: Commonsense types and social science types- Alfred Schutz.
- Unit 5. Symbolic Inter-actionism: Mind, self and Society, the presentation of self – G. H. Mead, H. Blumer; Erving Goffman;
- Unit 6. The Social Construction of reality – Berger and Luckmann.
- Unit 7. Ethnomethodology: H. Garfinkel
- Block – III Structuralism and Post - Structuralism**
- Unit 8. The Linguistic Turn
- Unit 9. Myth and Primitive Classification – Claude Leir Strauss
- Unit 10. A historian of the present – Michel Foucault
- Block – IV Critical Theory and Neo-Marxism**
- Unit 11. The early Frankfurt School
- Unit 12. Life world and system – Jurgen Habermas
- Unit 13. Ideology and Ideological State Apparatuses – Louis Althusser
- Unit 14. Hegemony – Antonio Gramsci
- Block – V Recent Trends**
- Unit 15. Structuration: duality of structure
- Unit 16. Reflexivity – Anthony Giddens
- Unit 17. Theory of Practice: Habitus
- Unit 18. Capital and Field – Pierre Bourdieu

MAS-07- Sociology of Development, Modernity and Globalization

- Block – I Under Development**
- Unit 1. Factors-Capital, technology, culture & knowledge.
- Unit 2. Concepts-growth, progress, human development, social development, sustainable development.
- Unit 3. Models – state, market and mixed economy (Democratic and Authoritarian)
- Unit 4. Theories-modernization, centre-periphery/dependency, world systems.
- Block – II India: Mixed Economy and Development**
- Unit 5. The Colonial Legacy – Unemployment
- Unit 6. Social and Cultural Development

Unit 7. Gender – Limitations to Development
Unit 8. Democracy and Development

Block – III Technology, Culture and Development

Unit 9. Theories of Modernity

Unit 10. Modernity in India

Block – IV Changing frontiers of Production & Reproduction from the local to the global

Unit 11. Production Processes, Info-Tech revolution and speed: economic, cultural and political aspects of the phenomena of liberalization and globalization.

Unit 12. Theorizing the transition:

Unit 13. Implications of Globalization

Block – V Critique of Modernity

Unit 14. Post modern social theory

Unit 15. Baudrillard: Simulation and Consumer society and symbolic exchange: Critique of post- modernity.

MAS-08- Culture, Society & Media

Block – I Culture, Media and Society

Unit 1. Anthropological understanding.

Unit 2. Sociological understanding

Unit 3. Culturalists Construction

Block – II Media Structures

Unit 4. Media Structures

Unit 5. Media Processes

Unit 6. (Television and Everyday life)

Unit 7. Culture, Communication and Political Economy.

Block – III Media, Method and History

Unit 8. Media, Method and History

Unit 9. Decoding Advertisements

Unit 10. Researching Audiences

Block – IV Democracy, Citizenship & Public Space

Unit 11. Democracy

Unit 12. Democracy Citizenship and public space

Block – V New Media

Unit 13. Convergence / Divergence : New Media

Unit 14. Technology and Cultural Forms.

MAS-09- Women and Society

- Block – I Sociology of women & Gender Identities**
Unit 1. Theories and Ideology and women’s studies.
Unit 2. Historical Background of women’s studies
Unit 3. Women studies in India.
- Block – II Status of Women: Relative deprivation, Oppression, discrimination and Exploitation**
Unit 4. Women, Marriage and Family
Unit 5. Women and work
Unit 6. Women and Education
- Block – III Women, Religion and Law**
Unit 7. Status of women in Hinduism
Unit 8. Status of women in Islam
Unit 9. Status of Hindu and Muslim women in India
- Block – IV Gender Empowerment**
Unit 10. Responses to oppression of women
Unit 11. Women’s movement
Unit 12. NGO’s
- Block – V Women and Development: A Critical Evaluation**
Unit 13. Development
Unit 14. Ecology

MAS-10- Population and Society

- Block – I Demography and Sociology**
Unit 1. Development of Population Studies
Unit 2. Relation between sociology, Anthropology and social Demography
Unit 3. Sources of Data and measurement Techniques
- Block – II Population Theories**
Unit 4. Malthusian
Unit 5. Marxian
Unit 6. Theory of Demographic Transition
- Block – III Population Processes**
Unit 7. Social Determinants, fertility: mortality and migration
Unit 8. Population growth and trends: India and the world.
- Block – IV Population and Development**
Unit 9. Approaches to the relation between Development and Population Growth
Unit 10. Population policies in India, China and Sweden
Unit 11. Women and Population
- Block – V Population and Society in India: Case Studies**
Unit 12. M.N Srinivas

Unit 13. Yoginder Singh
Unit 14. Surinder Singh Jodha