Name of ScholarTABASSUM KIRMANIName of Supervisor:Prof.Gauhar MahmoodName of department:Department of civil ENGGTopic of Research DEVELOPMENT OF RAINWATER HARVESTING MASTER
PLAN IN INSTITUTIONAL AREAS.

FINDINGS

Rainwater Harvesting Masterplan is a water conservation method adopted in modern times by our society. To develop such a masterplan we need to identify and demarcate the study area. In this case one educational institution has been selected to develop its masterplan in synopsis. However, in the overall Ph.D thesis 35 educational institutions have been covered in the Masterplan.

Past historical rainfall data obtained from authentic source like Indian Metereological Department , Pune , India annual report is analyzed for the area under study .In this analysis , highest , lowest , mean and variation of rainfall is studied . A comparative analysis of the rainfall data is made and average frequency of rainy days is calculated . Next , average frequency of heavy rainfall days is calculated . This is compared with maximum Rainy day and maximum heavy rainfall day. Rainy day is compared with frequency of dry days for the peak month of August . After obtaining the frequency of rainy day , the rainfall return period is calculated . Once peak rainfall per day for the peak rainfall month of August is calculated , evaporation loss and evapotranspiration loss is estimated in this research paper .

After estimation of peak rainfall per day alongwith losses , runoff volume is calculated for the Institution under study. To calculate the runoff volume, the roof top area, ground paved area, ground unpaved area is calculated. Also the runoff coefficient for roof top , ground paved , ground unpaved area is found from authentic data source like National Building Code 2016; and estimated for particular runoff surface. Once runoff volume is estimated for the institution under study, hydrogeological characteristics of the aquifer location area for the institution is studied and relevant authentic data sourced from district brochure of Gautam Buddha Nagar is compiled. After compilation of aquifer data , aquifer discharge is calculated for the institution under study. Finally, in order to design the rainwater harvesting structure, average frequency of rainy day and rainfall return period data is compiled. Type of rainwater harvesting structure in this case recharge well, raingarden and recharge trench is finalized for this institution as suitable structure; depending upon the type of catchment available within the institution . Design calculations are made for each type of structure and number of rainwater harvesting structure of different types are finalized